

AI for Advanced Applications: Safety and Security is a Must

DLR Research Institute in Sankt Augustin and Ulm

Prof. Dr. Frank Köster

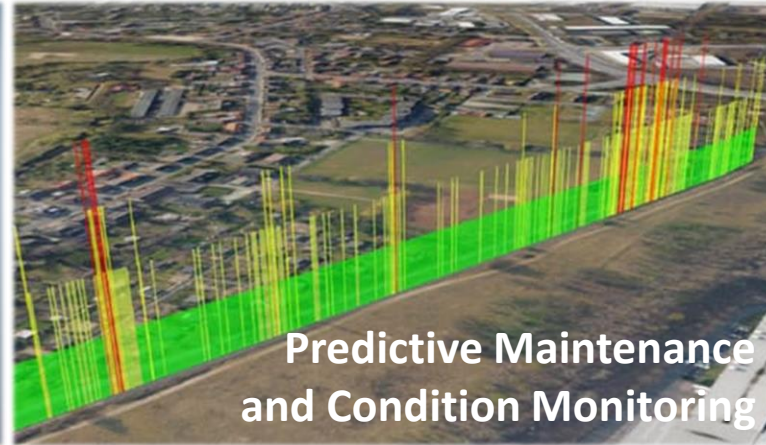
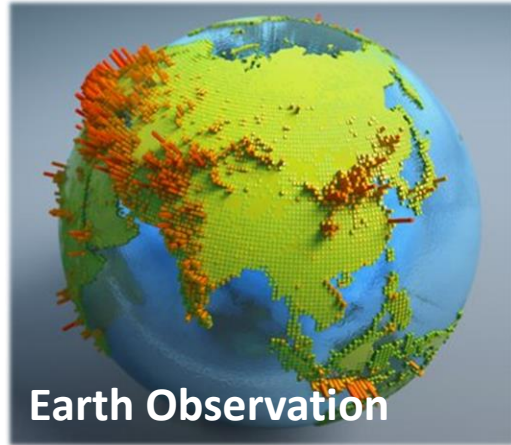


Wissen für Morgen





AI@DLR





Research for AI Safety and Security – Motivation



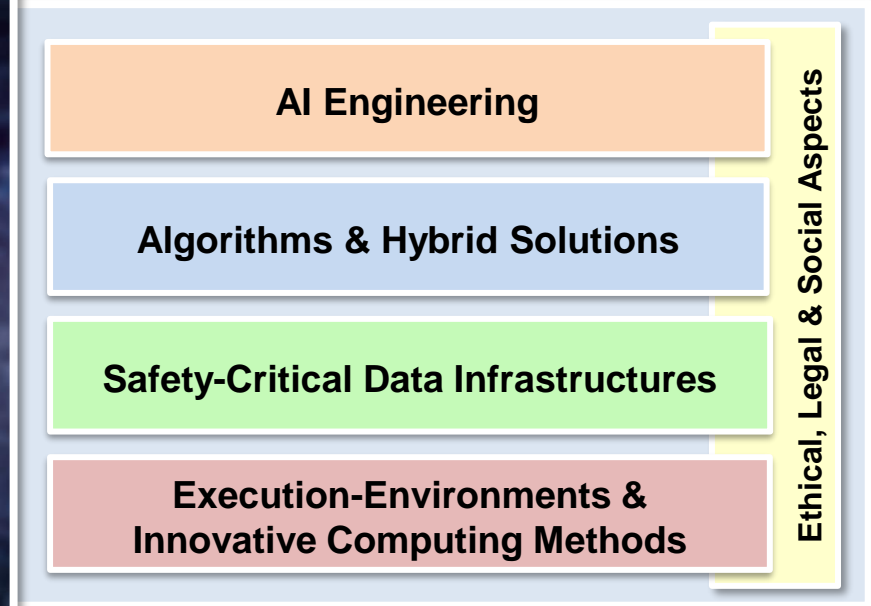
AI
must be capable
to meet the requirements
of safety-critical applications
and also secure against
attacks and misuse.

A central graphic featuring a shield with 'AI' inside, surrounded by a network of white nodes and lines. To the left is a white airplane icon, and to the right is a white car icon.



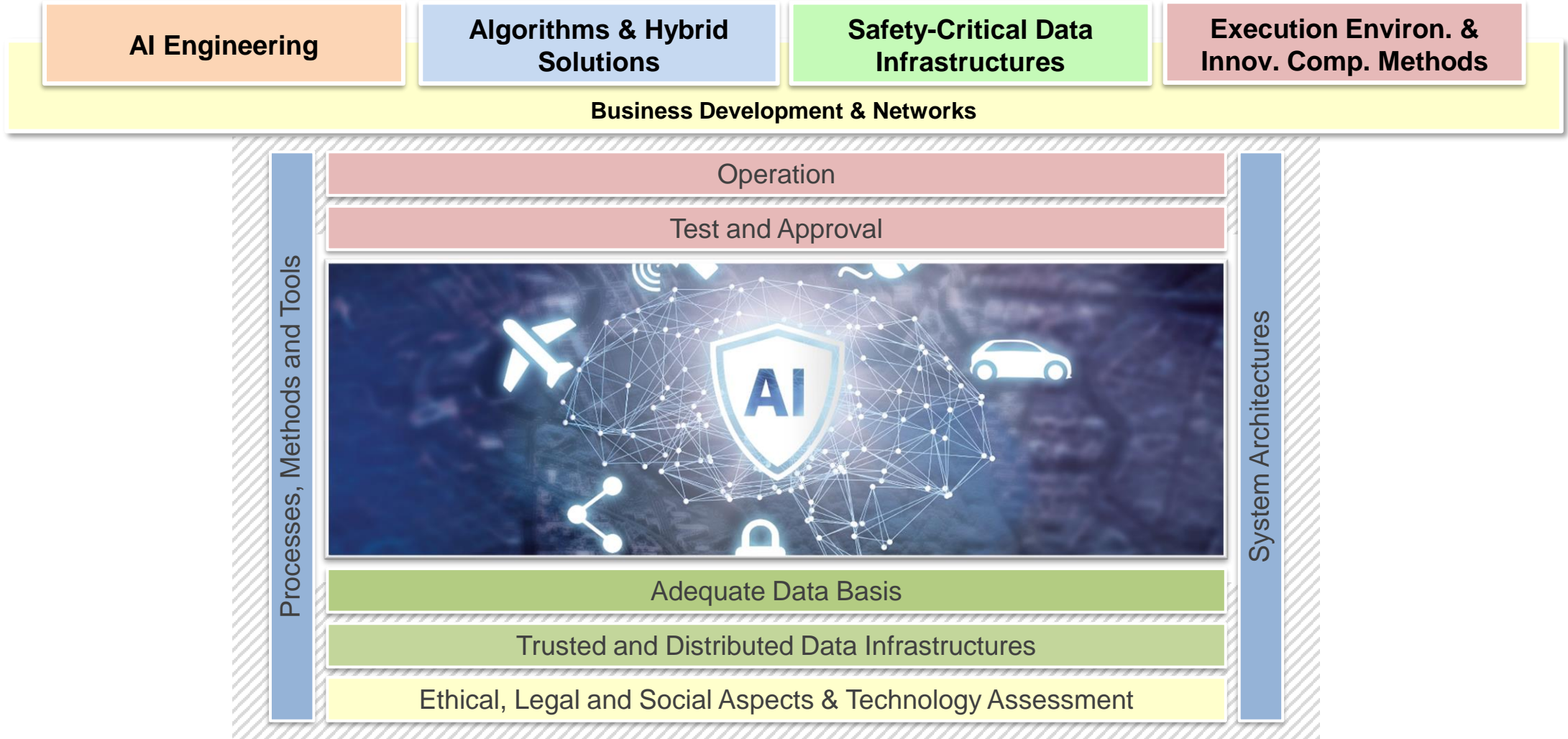
Institute for AI Safety and Security

Sankt Augustin and Ulm – Germany – www.dlr.de/ki



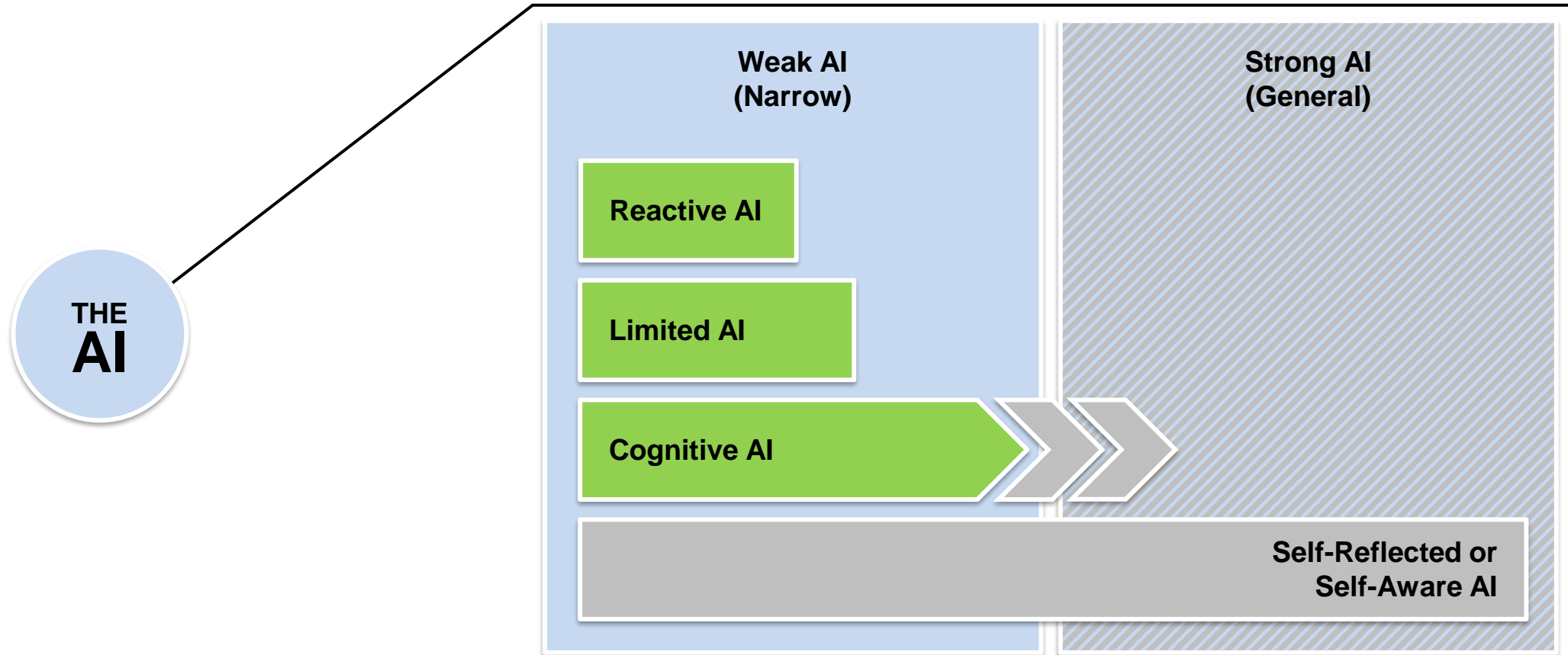


Institute for AI Safety and Security



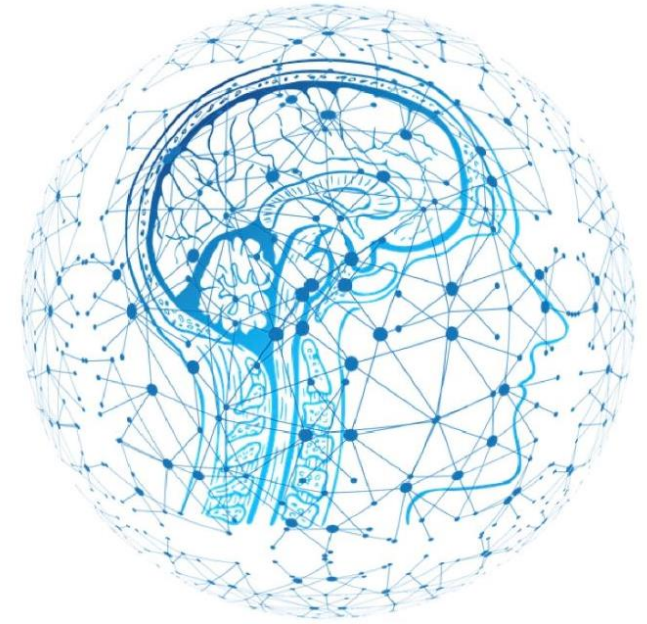


Generic AI-based Functionalities – Types of AI

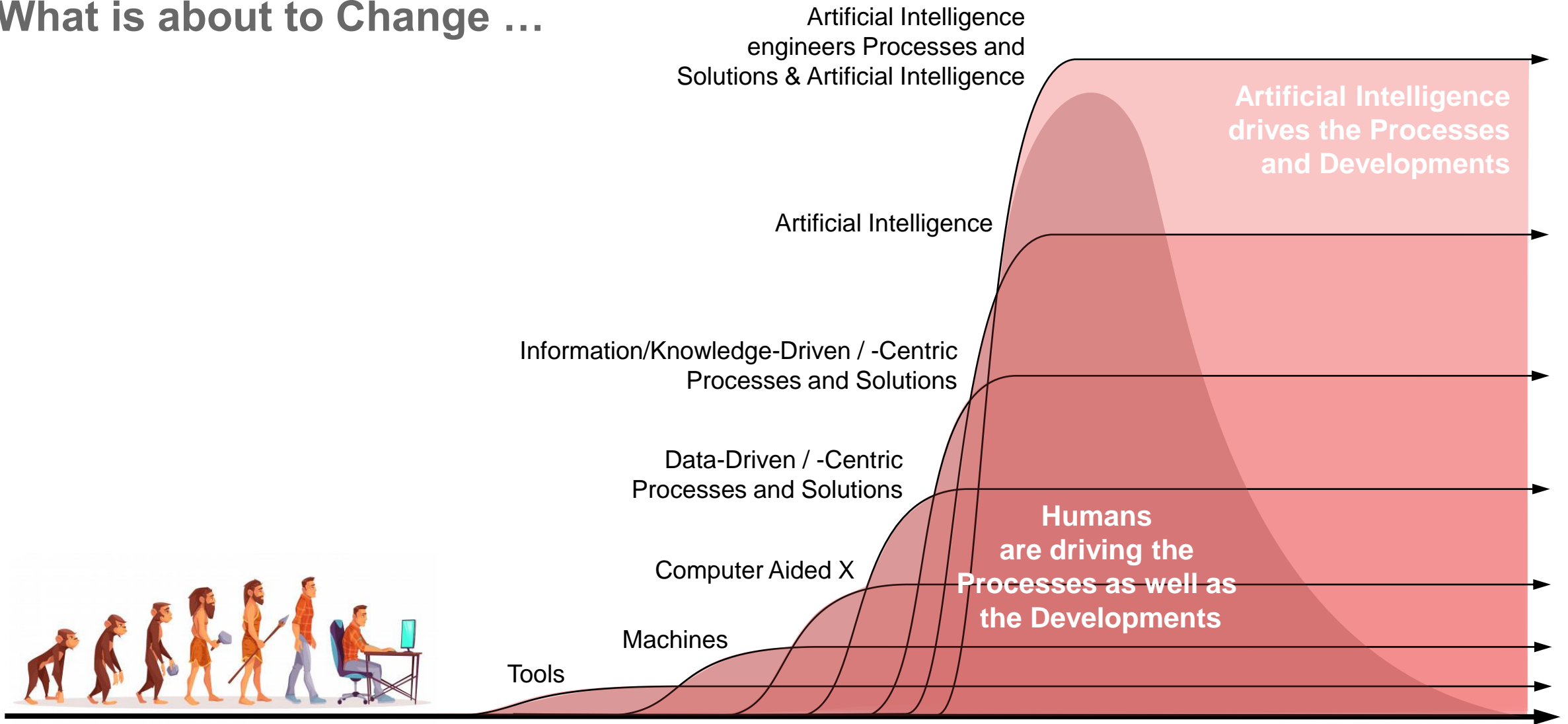


Generic AI-based Functionalities

- Pattern extraction from data as well as pattern recognition
- Identification of cause and effect relationships and functional relationships
- Classification and categorization of data as well as cluster analysis
- Analysis of networks or graph-structures
- Analysis of image data to e.g. extract and classify objects
- Analysis of video data with a focus on e.g. object extraction, -classification and -dynamics
- Analysis of audio data with regard to language, music and mood/sentiment etc.
- Full text analysis with regard to central statements, lines of argument and mood/sentiment etc.
- Prediction of the development of a system – e.g. object movements and development of patterns
- Action and movement planning as well as control on different system levels
- Manipulation of objects
- Integration and explication of "knowledge"
- ...









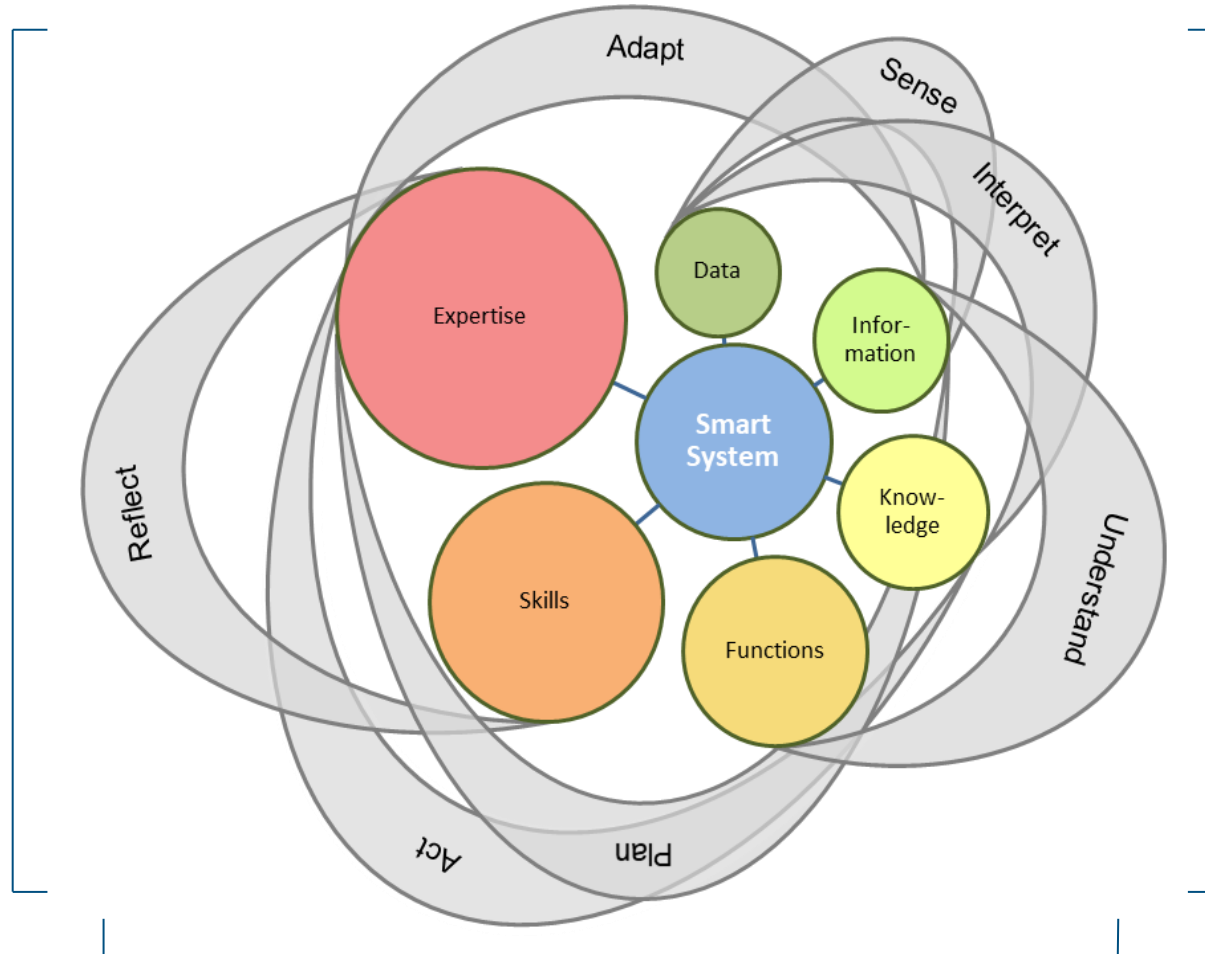
What is about to Change ...





Automated and Connected Driving

-  Level 0
no Automation
-  Level 1
Assisted
-  Level 2
Partial Automation
-  Level 3
High Automation
-  Level 4
Full Automation
-  Level 5
Autonomous









- no cooperation Level a
- provision of function-specific data / information
(i.e. handling of data/information by recipient remains open;
use without explicit feedback to sender) Level b
- Level b + integration into receiver's situational
picture and feedback to sender Level c
- Level c + coop. developm. of a situational picture
with the aim of a common situational picture
(possibly including joint interpretation or plausibility check) Level d
- Level d + cooperative planning with
a fixed goal structure
(possibly a differentiation regarding driving tasks could be
useful (strategical / tactical / operational)) Level e
- Level d + cooperative planning with
a flexible goal structure
(possibly a differentiation regarding driving tasks could be
useful (strategical / tactical / operational)) Level e*

Different Deployment Strategies
and Use-Cases





Automated and Connected Driving – Safety & Security by Design

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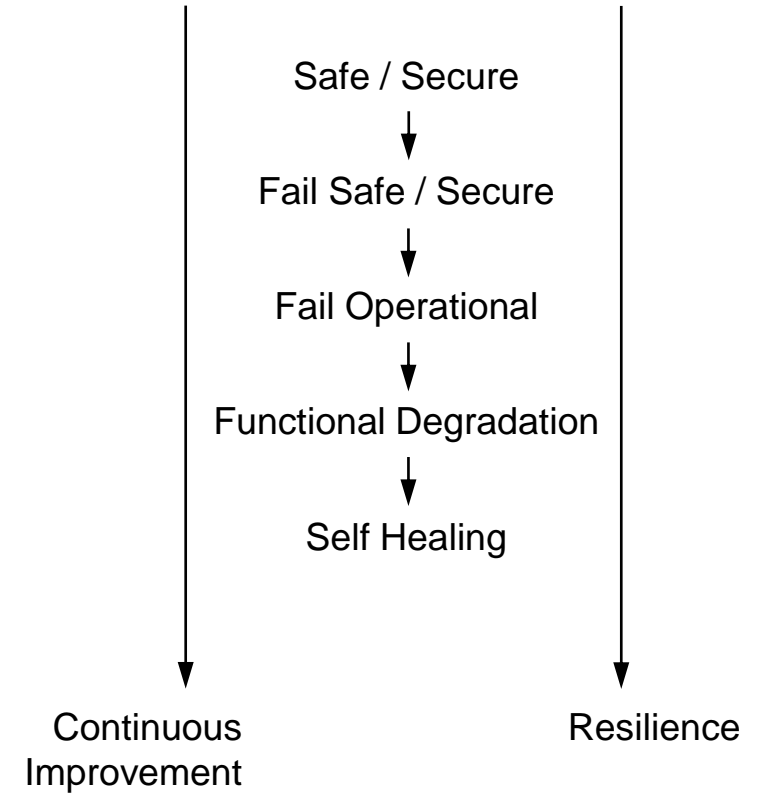
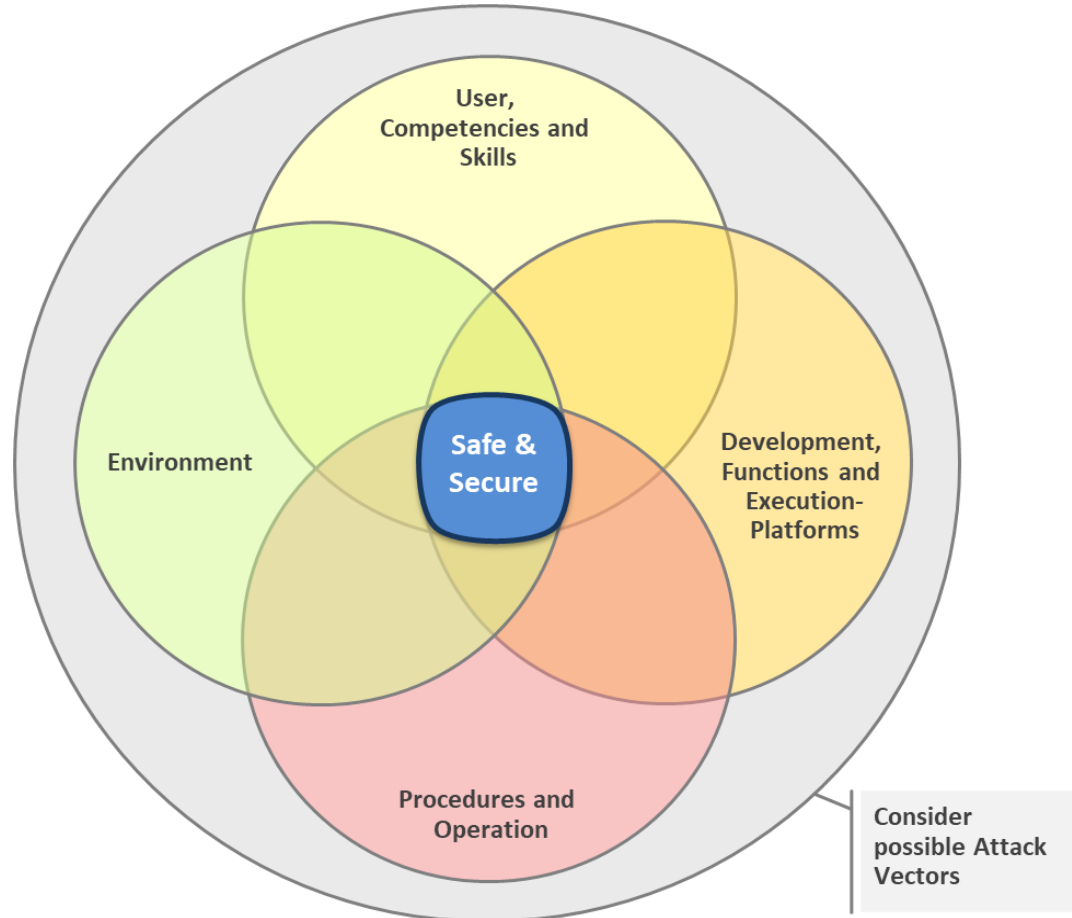
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Different Deployment Strategies
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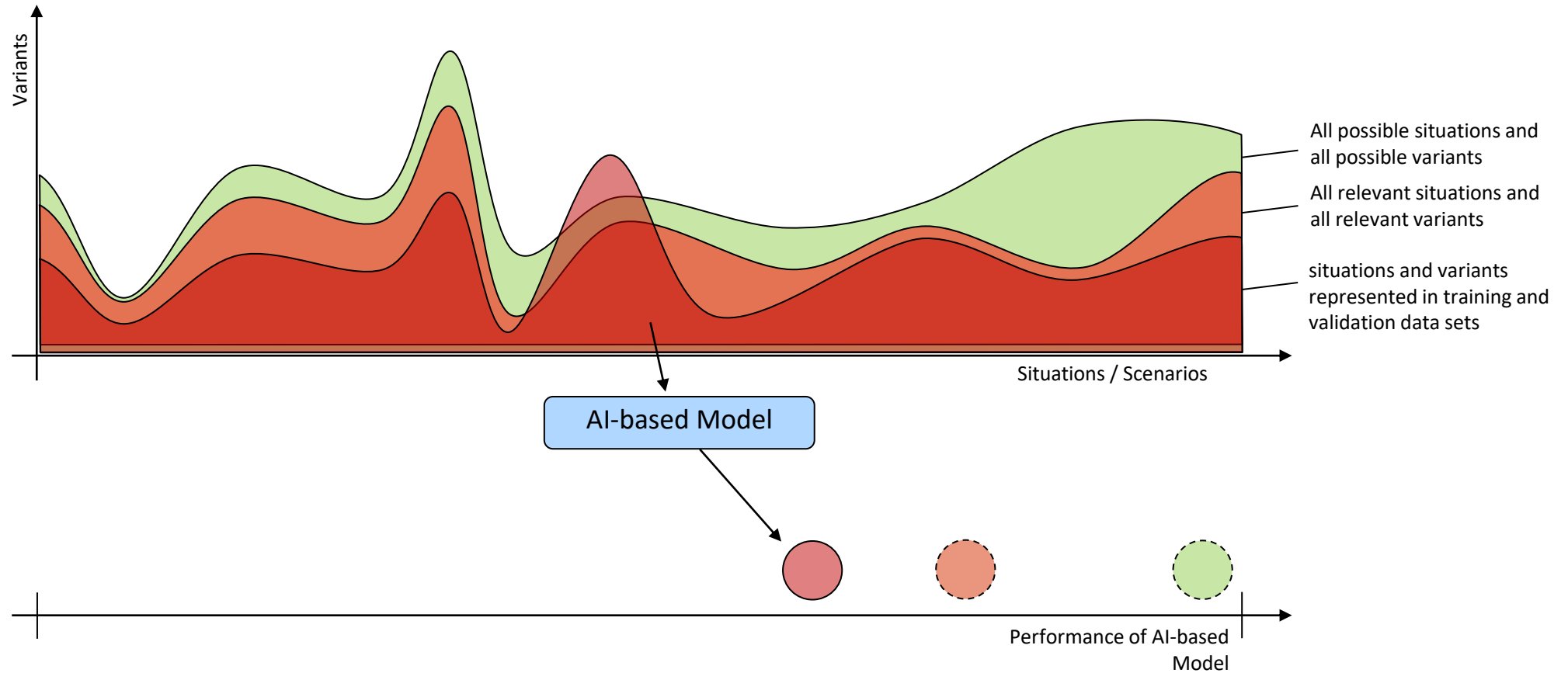


Automated and Connected Driving – Safety & Security by Design



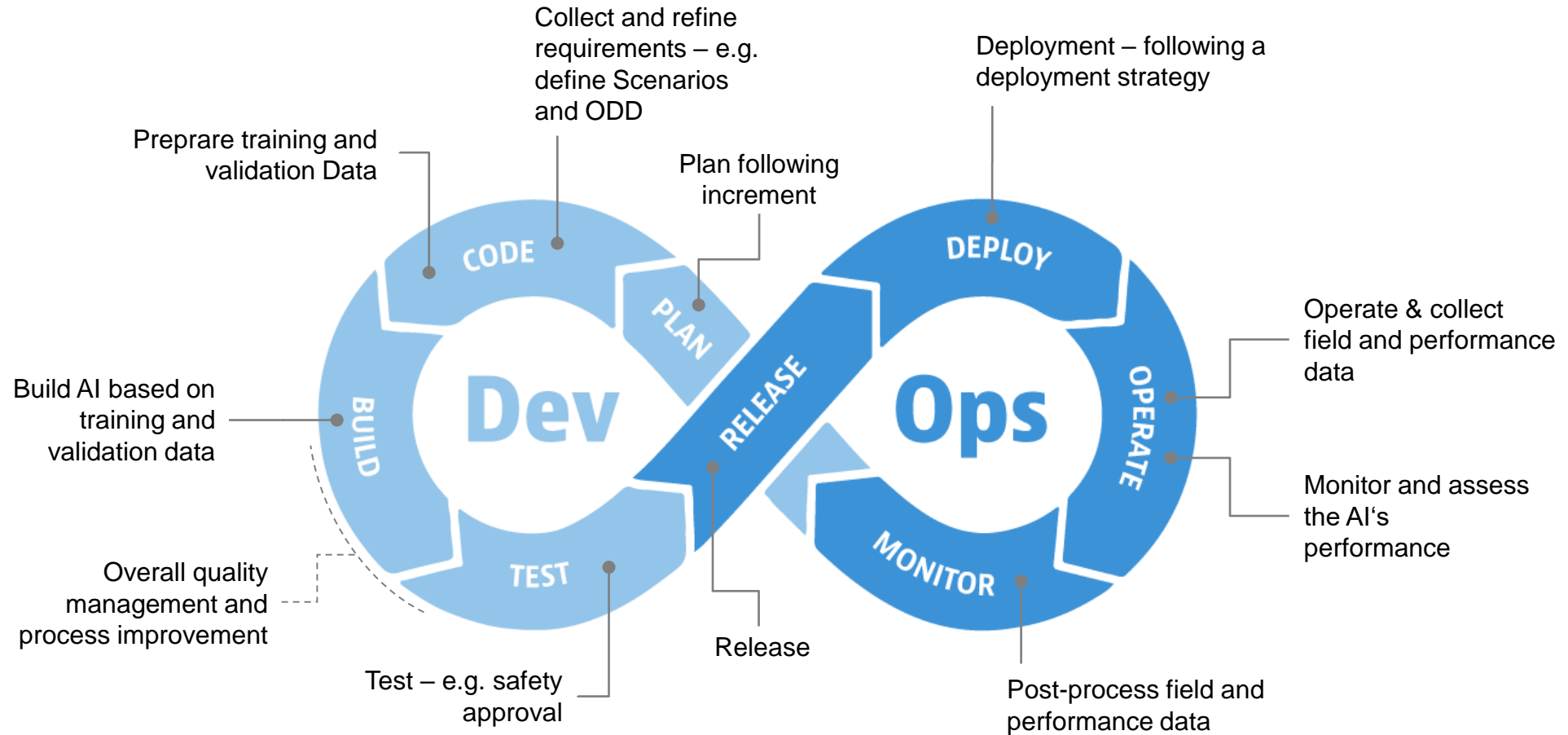


Product Development – Incremental and Iterative → DevOps





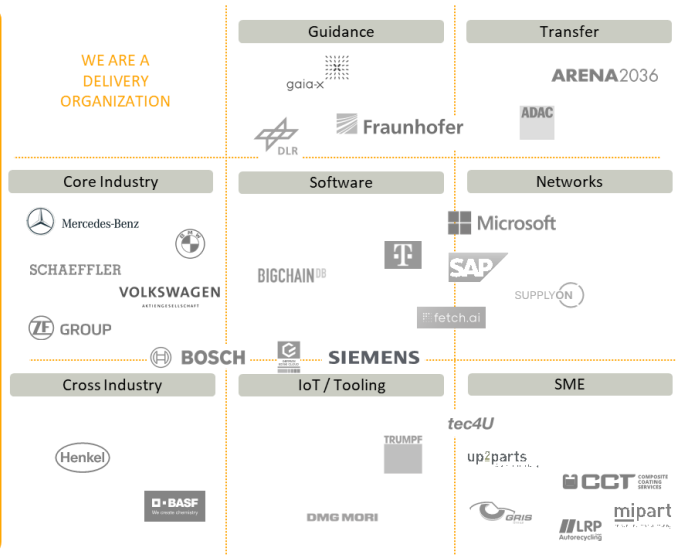
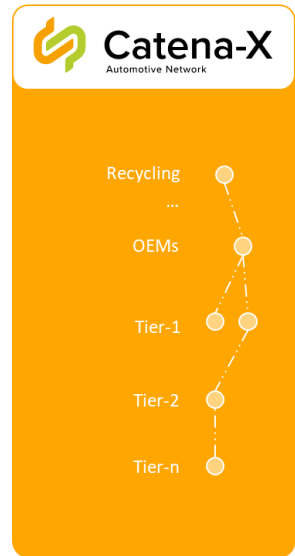
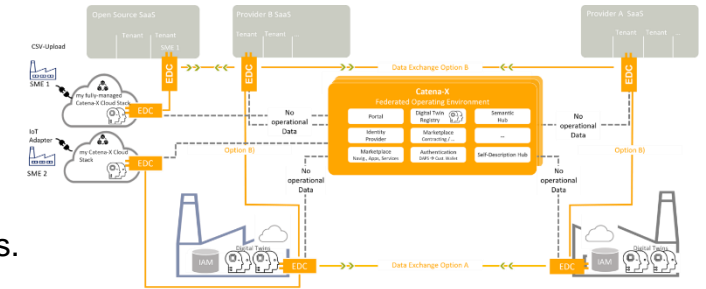
Product Development – Incremental and Iterative → DevOps



Funded Projects – Catena-X (1a/2)

Catena-X – Joint Mission

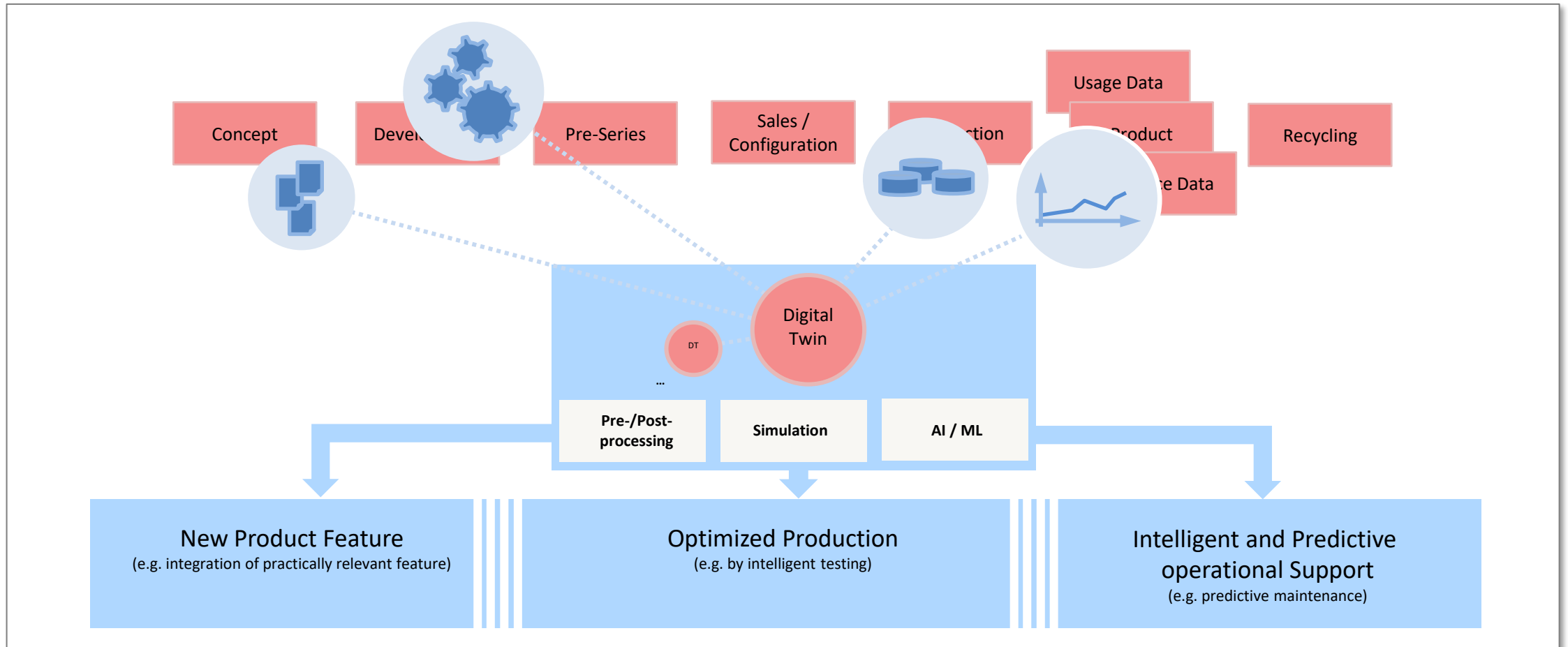
- We offer the most user-friendly environment for the **construction, operation and collaborative use of end-to-end data chains along the entire automotive value chain.**
- The resulting data ecosystem makes us **unique and is an important factor** for the sustainable development of the **industrial sector as well as the individual companies.**
- It **rewards all participants** with above-average resilience, innovative strength and profit opportunities.



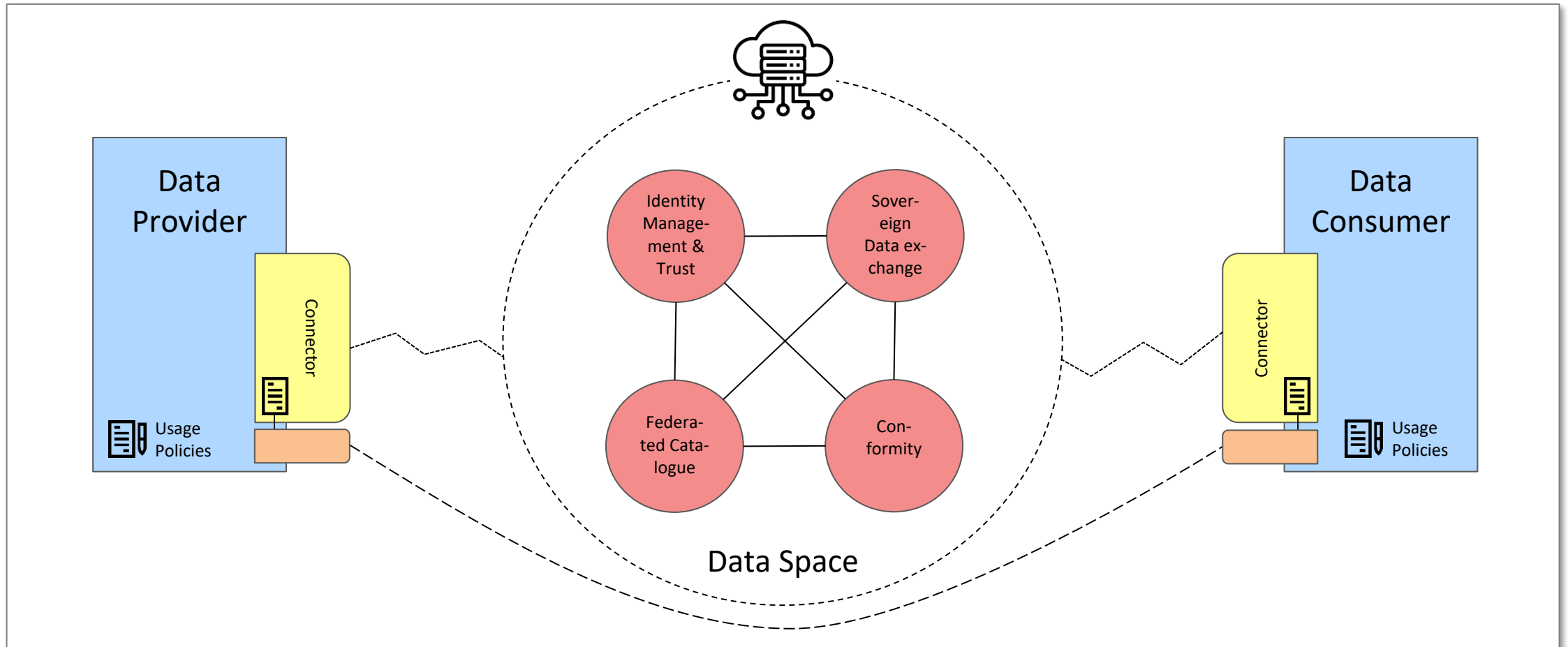
- Catena-X Federated Operating System**
- Traceability (of product-relevant Artefacts – e.g. Hard- & Software Components)
 - Sustainability (e.g. CO2-Footprint and Compliance with Social Standards)
 - Circular Economy (e.g. minimizing the CO2-Footprint)
 - Quality Management (e.g. Real-Time & Cooperative/Collaborative Quality Mgmt.)
 - Demand and Capacity Management
 - Business Partner Database
 - Data- and Model-Centric Engineering and Operational Support
 - Modular Production
 - Manufacturing as a Service
 - Real-Time Control and Simulation



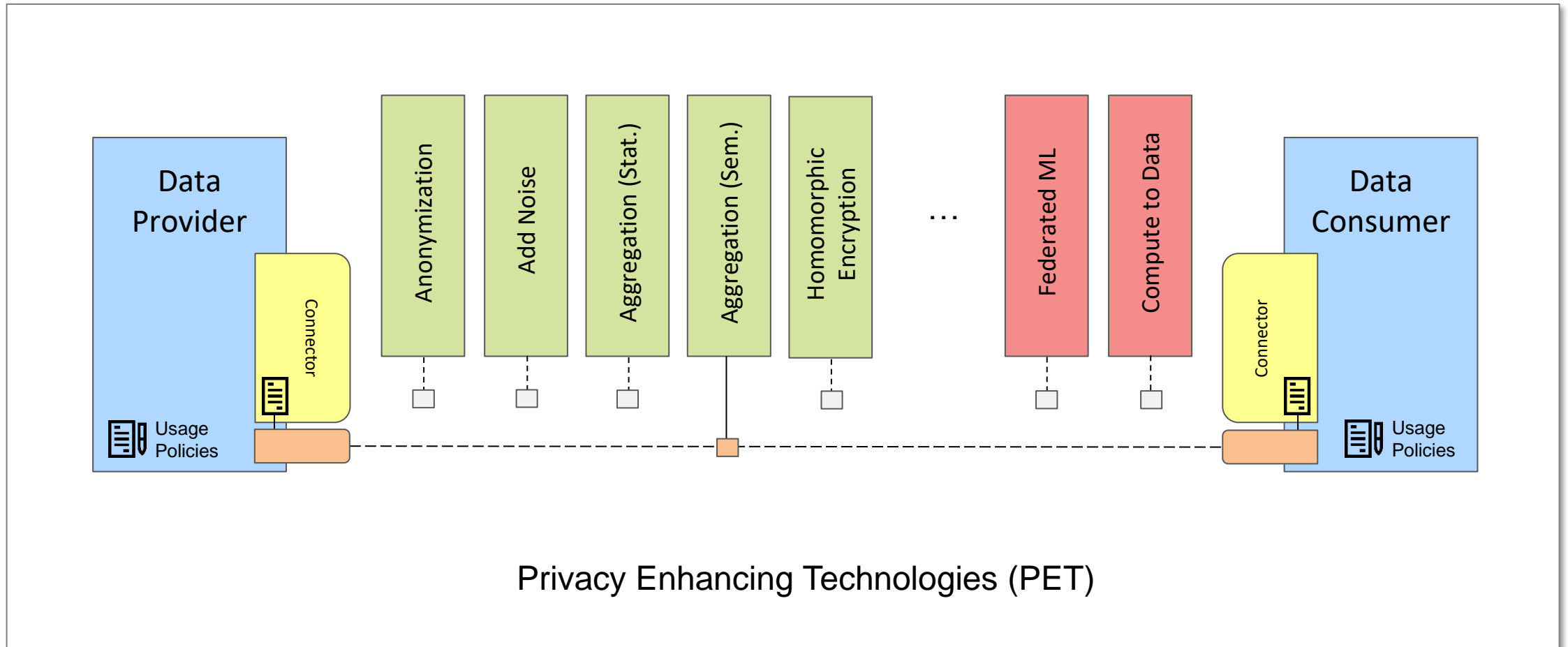
Funded Projects – Catena-X (1b/2)



Data Spaces & Privacy Enhancing Technologies ^(1/2)



Data Spaces & Privacy Enhancing Technologies (2/2)



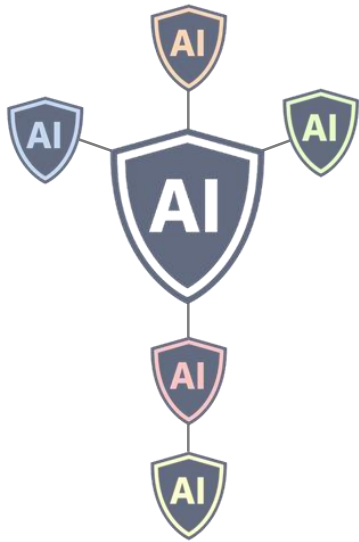
Privacy Enhancing Technologies (PET)





Summary & Take-Home Message

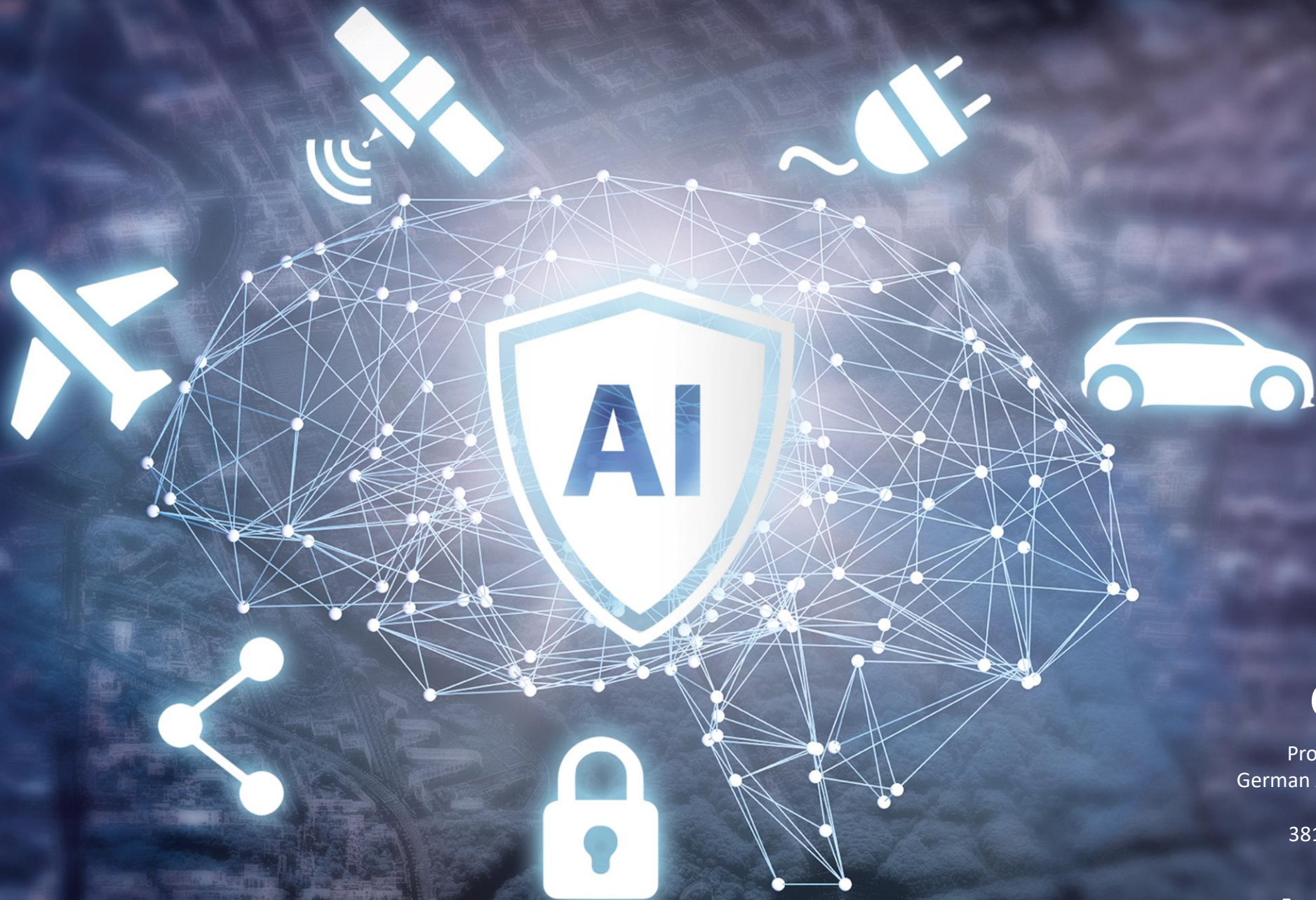
– Advances in the area of AI Safety and Security are urgently needed in order to overcome barriers to success for new technological developments in application areas relating to a trustworthy and safe use of AI.



- Industrialize AI for safety-critical systems and systems with high security requirements – proof of safe and secure AI
- Establish a solid foundation for AI-Engineering
- Improve methods and algorithms
- Consider safety and security as an integral aspect
- Provide execution-platforms with respect to innovative computing approaches
- Research on ethical, legal and social aspects in a inter-/transdisciplinary approach

– This is of high relevance for DLR's established research areas and many other fields of applications beyond the scope of the DLR.





Contact

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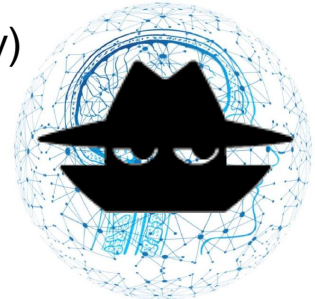
AI-based Functionalities and systems – Plausible Expectations

- AI must be aware that there are “bad guys” (everywhere) – possible attack vectors
- AI as a target – direct and indirect, e.g.
 - training and validation data as well as operational data
 - execution platforms (hard-/software) and surrounding system components
 - AI-technologies and -methods, due to abilities and limitations – e.g. by adversarial and denial-of-service attacks
 - malware injected during e.g. maintenance of AI-based components or integration of new knowledge blocks
- AI as a tool



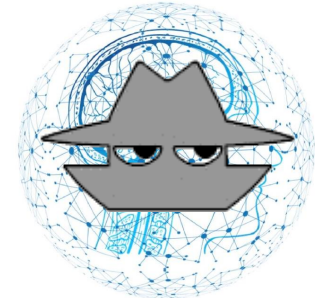
ATTACK

- part of (smart) malware and ransomware
- coordinate attacks and adapt attack-strategies (e.g. identify and use the right moment, raise efficiency)
- mimic behavior – e.g. to deceive anomaly detection and to drive adapting and self-improving phishing attacks (e.g. imitate writing styles or utilize context information from social networks)
- improve fake landing pages with connection to social networks and interests of target persons
- identify vulnerabilities – e.g. identify files with attack-relevant content



PROTECT

- part of (smart) intrusion detection – e.g. to establish anomaly detection on host or network level
- improve detection of phishing attacks und malware
- establish e.g. smart honey-pots or implement smart algorithms to estimate attacker’s identities
- raise efficiency and scale assessments of robustness or vulnerabilities
- basis for continuous authentication



AI-based Functionalities and systems – Plausible Expectations

The human/AI-
interaction and
human-in-the-loop
topics will remain
highly relevant

AI must be familiar
with the concept of
uncertainty and can
also deal with
uncertainty

AI must be aware that
correlations are no
causalities

AI must be aware
that there are “bad
guys” (everywhere)

Management of an AI
during the entire AI-
lifecycle is essential –
including the management
of training and validation
data as well as operational
data

Data provenance
is a highly important
topic

The importance
of synthetic data
will increase

Safety and security in
the context of AI goes
from aspiration to
foundational
requirement (cf.
responsible AI)

Competencies,
methods, tools and
infrastructures are
essential to enable
institutions to
use/implement AI

Reinforcement
Learning will become
an increasingly
important AI
paradigm

AI evaluation and
goal-directed tuning
will become
essential

AI will help us to
improve and
build AI

AI ethical review
boards and codes of
conduct on AI and
data ethics are
needed

Open cloud/edge-
based data and
service-ecosystems
will be the “home” of
many AI-based
components

Cooperation and
Collaboration in the
context of AI-
development/mainten-
ance will be important

Natural language
processing and, in general,
the analysis of un-
structured audio, image
and video data as well as
complex structured data,
like e.g. digital engineering
drawings, will remain
major topics

Deep-fakes will be a
big problem

Creative AI will
begin to generate
(mainstream)
content

Appropriate guardrails and
governance mechanisms
will be defined to ensure
that the use of AI
systems adheres to the
principles of trustworthy
as well as responsible AI
(legislation)





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